# Horn of Africa Initiative 

Presenting the Digital Policy Matrix under Pillar 1: Digital Infrastructure<br>19th HoAl Ministerial Meeting<br>December $15^{\text {th }}$, 2023, 9:30am - 12:30pm CET, Brussels

## CONTEXT

The digital economy has become an essential driver of economic growth, job creation and access to services across the globe, however with some of the lowest levels of connectivity infrastructure and highest broadband prices in the world, Horn of Africa (HoA) countries are suffering from a pressing digital infrastructure deficit and are only capturing a fraction of this growth. To address these challenges, the Horn of Africa (HoAl) has engaged development partners and mobilized resources to- among other prioritiesimprove regional infrastructure connectivity (Pillar 1 of HoAl agenda) and facilitate economic and trade integration (Pillar 2 of HoAl agenda), to move towards regional integration.

Advancing HoAl's digital agenda is also timely given the operationalization of the African Continental Free Trade Area (AfCFTA) in 2021, which, in its' third phase, will include an e-Commerce Protocol. While many of the sub-regions have worked together and achieved free movement of physical goods and services -- the next agenda is to work towards free flow of digital services across borders. To this effect, the HoAl in partnership with development partners, such as the African Development Bank (AfDB), and European Union (EU) and the World Bank, have been accelerating initiatives to enhance and leverage digital infrastructure and services for the development of the HoA countries. Ensuring collaboration and harmonization amongst various initiatives and projects on the digital agenda in the HoA will help build synergies and complementarities for efficient and effective operations. Doing so can help streamline the sharing of bestpractices and avoid redundancies to advance cross-border cooperation, regulatory and policy harmonization, and enhancing opportunities for regional investments.

## OBJECTIVES OF THE DIGITAL POLICY MATRIX

Following the Trade Facilitation and Borderlands Policy Matrices, the Digital Policy Matrix for the HoAl has been prepared for consideration of the HoAl. The Digital Policy Matrix presented in the annex highlights important actions and milestones the HoA region would need to achieve in the areas of broadband internet, data infrastructure and governance and digital payments. Together, advancements in the three areas will allow the HoA countries benefit not only from national level digital development but from regional digital development allowing for decisive progress towards a Single Digital Market (SDM). When communications, data and digital services can flow across the borders of the HoA countries is when the real economic and social benefits of digitalization will be realized through increased economic opportunities, growth, and jobs.

## DECISION EXPECTED AT THE DECEMBER 2023 MEETING: ADOPTION OF THE DIGITAL POLICY MATRIX

The Digital Policy Matrix was first presented at the Ministerial Meeting on March $8^{\text {th }}$, 2023. The Matrix subsequently went through a technical validation with representatives from the Ministries of Communications and the national ICT Regulators at a regional meeting which took place in Addis Ababa on September $20^{\text {th }}, 2023$. Following the technical workshop, an additional month was provided to allow for any remaining comments on the draft matrix, and which have been incorporated into the attached version of the Digital Policy matrix, which is proposed for adoption by the Honorable Ministers at the $19^{\text {th }}$ Ministerial Meeting, for subsequent implementation. There are a number of partner funded projects that can support the achievement of the milestones on the Matrix and these will be presented at the meeting.

The Digital Policy Matrix proposed for adoption in the $19^{\text {th }}$ Ministerial of HoA Initiative

HoA DIGITAL POLICY FRAMEWORK 8 KEY POLICY AREAS

| POLICY AREA | timeline (Months) |
| :---: | :---: |
| DATA PROTECTION-DOMESTIC LEGAL FRAMEWORKS | 24 |
| DATA PROTECTION-REGIONAL DATA FLOWS | 36 |
| CYBERCRIMES \& CYBERSECURITY | 24 |
| ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS | 24 |
| DIGITAL FINANCIAL SERVICES | 36 |
| PPP POLICY FRAMEWORKS | 24 |
| ${ }_{8}$ REGIONAL ICT REGULATORY ASSOCIATION | 18 |

## DATA PROTECTIONDomestic Legal Frameworks

"Promote trust in data transactions by creating safeguards to limit and mitigate the harms arising from misuse of personal data"


## DATA PROTECTIOARegional Flow of Data

"Allowing countries to safely move data of customers, suppliers and others across borders to support crossborder provision of digital retail services use of cloud services, consolidation of data processing functions, cross-border provision of IT outsourcing; data analytics and big data; investment in local data centers'


SPECIFIC ACTIONS FERAI development of the regional mechanisms for cross -border data flows

Support HoA countries as they prepare for and participate in the established mechanisms

In the long term, support the development of a region -wide
mechanism to support cross -border data flows with
adequate data protection and privacy measures A countrips

## CYBERCRIME \& CYBERSECURITY

"Build confidence in digital systems by deterring criminal offences of harm to digital systems, including fraud and malicious attacks and coordinating to ensure readiness for such attacks and their consequences "

POLICY MEASURE

Introduction of domestic laws or
amendment of existing laws to
establish clear criminal offences and penalties, coordination of
CYBERCRIME \& CYBERSECURITY

SPECIFIC ACTIONS FGBAI

Work with other regional bodies (i.e. EAC) to provide and support to member countries by setting out -principles that should be present in all domestic laws, drawing from existing regional models and adhering to international conventions

> Introduction of domestic laws or amendment of existing laws to ensure cybersecurity coordination among
> operators of key infrastructure

Review existing legal and regulatory framework, establish coordination mechanisms and practice, and promote coordination (regionally \& internationally) in detecting, mitigating and responding to cyberthreats

## ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

| "Increase availability of cross border electronic communications and reduce their cost" |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POLICY MEASURE |  | SPECIFIC ACTIONS Felibal |
| ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS | Develop national laws and regulations to develop domestic electronic communications markets | Provide guidance to member countries on principles in legal and regulatory frameworks that will increase competition, investment, infrastructure sharing and innovation <br> Promote extending the scope of ONA to data services, and other countries |
| 8 | promotehigherspeed networks and lower cost for crossborder electroni communications | Support and encourage HoA countries to join an expanded ONA as soon as this becomes possible <br> Develop operational/commercial models for management of landing stations, national backbone infrastructure and cross border links with a focus on sustainability of the initiatives and best practices and private sector involvement |

## DIGITAL FINANCIAL SERVICES

"Enable and ensure lowcost, competitive options for digital payments and promote the development of domestic digital economy and financial inclusion"


## PPP POLICY FRAMEWORK

"To ensure private capital mobilization, management of infrastructure and innovation in the digital sector"


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## ICT REGULATORY ASSOCIATION

"To create a forum through which national regulators can discuss regional solutions to common challenges such as in international connectivity, telecom regulations, cyber security, data protection, data center/IXPs"


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